## 5 MUST KNOW QUESTIONS TO CONQUER LINEAR LAW

1 The equation $y=\frac{x+c}{x+d}$, where $c$ and $d$ are constants, can be represented by a straight line when $x y-x$ is plotted against $y$. The line passes through the points $(0,4)$ and $(0.2,0)$.
(i)Find the value of $c$ and of $d$,
(ii)If $(2.5, a)$ is a point on the straight line, find the value of $a$.

Ans:
i) $\quad c=4, d=20$
ii) $\quad a=-46$

2 The diagram shows the straight line obtained by plotting $y x^{2}$ against $x^{3}$.
Variables $x$ and $y$ are related by an equation $y=\frac{p}{x^{2}}+q x$, where $p$ and $q$ are constants.

(i) Find
(a) the value of $p$ and of $q$,
(b) the coordinates of the point on the line at which $y=\frac{3}{2 x^{2}}$.
(ii) If the graph of $\frac{y}{x}$ is plotted against $\frac{1}{x^{3}}$ instead, state the values of the gradient and the $\frac{y}{x}$ - intercept for this graph.

Ans:
(i) (a) $\mathrm{p}=2.985$
(b) $\left(3.06, \frac{3}{2}\right)$
(ii) -0.485

3 The variables $x$ and $y$ are such that when the values of $x y$ are plotted against $\sqrt{x}$, a straight line is obtained.
It is given that $y=\frac{1}{2}$ when $x=1$, and that $y=-\frac{1}{4}$ when $x=4$.
(i) Express $y$ in terms of $x$.
(ii) Find the value of $y$ when $x=16$.

Answers:
(i) $y=\frac{4-3 \sqrt{x}}{2 x}$
(ii) $y=-\frac{1}{4}$

4 The table shows experimental values of two variables $x$ and $y$. The two variables are related by the equation $b \sqrt{y}=a b+a x^{2}$, where $a$ and $b$ are non-zero constants. One of the $y$ values have been misprinted.

| $x$ | 1 | 1.5 | 2 | 2.5 | 3 | 3.5 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $y$ | 5.23 | 6.98 | 7.88 | 14.3 | 20.9 | 30.3 |

(i) Using a scale of 1 cm to 1 unit on the $x^{2}$ axis and 2 cm to 1 unit on the $\sqrt{y}$ axis, plot $x^{2}$ against $\sqrt{y}$ and draw a straight line graph on the grid provided.
(ii) Use your graph to estimate the value of $a$ and of $b$.
(iii) Using your graph, identify the abnormal reading and estimate its correct value.

Answers:
(i)

| $x^{2}$ | 1 | 2.25 | 4 | 6.25 | 9 | 5.50 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\sqrt{y}$ | 2.29 | 2.64 | 2.81 | 3.87 | 4.57 | 12.25 |

(ii) $a=2, b=7.06$
(iii)

Abnormal reading when $x^{2}-4, \sqrt{y}=2.81$
$5 \quad$ The table shows experimental values of two variables $x$ and $y$, which are known to be connected by the equation $y x^{n}=A$, where $n$ and $A$ are constants.

| $x$ | 1.0 | 1.5 | 2.0 | 2.5 | 3.0 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $y$ | 22.0 | 13.0 | 8.9 | 6.9 | 5.3 |

(i) Plot $\lg y$ against $\lg x$ and draw a straight line graph.
(ii) Use your graph to estimate the value of $A$ and of $n$.
(iii) On the same diagram, draw the line representing the equation $y=x^{2}$ and hence find the value of $x$ which satisfied the equation $x^{n+2}=A$.

Answers:
(i)

| $\lg x$ | 0 | 0.176 | 0.301 | 0.398 | 0.477 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\lg y$ | 1.34 | 1.11 | 0.949 | 0.839 | 0.724 |

(ii) $n=1.28, A=21.9$
(iii) $x=2.57$

